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Keeping Epilepsy Under Control | p 11
A Deadly Duo That Can Be Prevented

The more you smoke, the higher your risk," says Dr. Abdulrahman Morad, cardiologist with Nebraska Medicine’s Heart Disease Prevention Program. The goal of the program is to arm you to work to ensure he gets his daily exercise.

Electronic cigarettes, also known as e-cigarettes or e-cigs, are a popular alternative to traditional cigarettes. However, they are not without risks. E-cigarettes contain nicotine, which is highly addictive and can cause harm to the heart and arteries.

Using forms of tobacco other than cigarettes can be equally as harmful. "While cigar or pipe smoking is perceived as safer, they both contain the same carcinogens as cigarettes," Morad said.

Stop Heart Disease in 10

• Include charitable giving in any budget
• Meet our new orthopaedic surgeon
• Leg pain: Should I be concerned?
• Meet our new orthopaedic surgeon
• Start 2019 off right with these healthy lifestyle tips

Some of the most successful smoking-cessation aids include nicotine replacements like the patch and gum; over-the-counter nicotine lozenges and gum; and medications like Bupropion and Varenicline. "It’s never too late to quit," says Dr. Morad. "Most people who smoke start as early as 13 or 14."

There is a silver lining. "It’s never too late to quit," says Dr. Morad. "Most people who smoke start as early as 13 or 14."

The start of a new year is always a good time to focus on improving our general health and well-being. Are we eating right, exercising regularly, seeing our doctor and keeping up with preventive screenings? Scheduling an annual exam with your primary care doctor is a great way to kick off the year to make sure your health is in check, and to discuss positive lifestyle habits for your continued health and well-being. If you don’t have a primary care doctor, now is a great time to find one.

Our primary care clinics provide on-site access to care for the entire family, including obstetrics for those looking to start or expand their families. A primary care physician is a partner in your health, whether your goals are focused on maintaining your health and wellness or you are in need of more hands-on management of chronic conditions.

I encourage you to go online to NebraskaMed.com/Doctors to read reviews, watch physician videos and learn about our providers to determine which doctor would be the best fit for you and your family.

Your primary care doctor can also make sure you are up to date on all of your preventive screenings. Regular mammograms and colonoscopies are critical for catching cancer early before it has caused symptoms, and will result in better treatment outcomes. Bellevue Medical Center offers convenient access to mammography and colonoscopies, as well as other preventive screenings. Visit NebraskaMed.com/Cancer to learn more about our services and how prevention is key.

It’s easy to let the stresses of life get in the way of taking care of ourselves. This year, let us help you make “you” a priority. As we continue to evolve and grow our services, we want to hear from you. Please let us know how we can serve you better in 2019. From all of us at Bellevue Medical Center, we wish you a healthy and prosperous new year!

Suzanne L. Nuss, PhD, MBA, RN
Chief nursing officer, Nebraska Medicine
Vice president of Operations, Bellevue Medical Center

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Clinical Trials That Enhance Your Everyday Health and Well-being

Research at Nebraska Medicine and its academic partner, the University of Nebraska Medical Center (UNMC), has accomplished big things.

Due to clinical trials, there is now a new therapy for people with deadly recurring blood cancers that uses the body’s immune system to attack a tumor. Other researchers were part of an international team that identified a tool that allows doctors to recognize sepsis infections before they become lethal. Another research team has made changes to an antiviral drug that is showing promise in treating and eliminating HIV.

When most people think of research and clinical trials, they often think of highly advanced drugs and treatments for complex cancers and other diseases. But research also provides valuable information and insight into everyday health needs, disease prevention and how to improve lifestyle habits and quality of life.

“Both types of research provide critical information on how to deliver the most effective health care during and after treatment for our patients here at Nebraska Medicine,” says Christopher Kratochvil, MD, vice president of research at UNMC. Nebraska Medicine and UNMC are involved in both.

“The breadth of the research being done here is substantial,” says Dr. Kratochvil. “All departments are actively engaged in research, from cancer and heart disease to specialties like dermatology and mental health. It’s woven into the fabric of who we are as an academic health network.”

Before a new drug, treatment or protocol is adopted by the medical field, it must first pass through rigorous testing — or clinical trials. Clinical trials determine how well new medical approaches work for people.

Research funding at Nebraska Medicine/UNMC rose nearly 16 percent in 2018, to a record $135.6 million.

A portion of that funding goes to finding the optimal dose of aspirin for people on long-term aspirin management for heart disease; ways to optimize bone density and health to prevent or slow the development of osteoporosis; how to best treat mental health issues, such as depression; determining whether smartphones can help rural men with weight loss; and the remote monitoring of patients with diabetes to determine more effective diabetes management.

The UNMC College of Public Health uses research and clinical trials to create new models for health promotion, disease prevention and public health policies that support community health efforts. One study is looking at community strategies to improve the physical activity of youth while another study examines the cause of lung disease that plagues workers in hog farms and other agricultural settings.

While we have numerous studies looking at new drugs and treatment models for various cancers, we also have studies that look at how we deliver care, outcomes research and quality of life after treatment,” says Dr. Kratochvil.

One study is looking for new drugs to counteract the effects of radiation exposure for cancer patients.

You can opt in to be available for clinical trials if you are a patient here by signing a form during the admission process or by letting your doctor know you are interested.

If you are interested in participating in clinical trials at Nebraska Medicine, such as these and others, a complete list is available at NebraskaMed.com/Clinical-trials.
Primary Care Clinic Expands Its Presence in North Omaha

The Nebraska Medicine Health Network continues to expand its primary care offerings in the Omaha area, with the newest clinic recently opening in North Omaha. Fontenelle is located just east of the intersection of 50th Street and Ames Avenue on the northern edge of the Omaha Home for Boys campus. This clinic replaces the former Fontenelle Clinic across the street. Fontenelle is the fourth new primary care clinic Nebraska Medicine has opened in the past two years. All four are architecturally identical, designed to provide an extraordinary experience for patients. The three other clinics are Brentwood, Chalco and Elkhorn.

“This clinic is a wonderful resource for this community, our youth and our staff,” says Jeff DeWispelare, president and CEO of the Omaha Home for Boys. “Both Nebraska Medicine and the Omaha Home for Boys have deep roots and a long-standing history of service to this community, so this was obviously a perfect fit.”

In addition, the Clarkson Family Medicine clinic will move to a new home near 13th and Leavenworth streets in early 2019.

Nebraska Medicine has a total of 16 primary care clinics located in Omaha and other communities in Nebraska.

➤ Come See Us!
To schedule an appointment at one of our primary care clinics, call 800.922.0000.

Survivorship Clinic Helps Patients Transition to Life After Cancer

Cancer treatment can be a long and difficult journey. When it’s all over, many patients feel overwhelmed and confused.

“It was a whirlwind of doctors, tests and treatments,” recalls Robina Skovbo, who was treated for endometrial and ovarian cancers at Nebraska Medicine.

“When it was all done and I finally had time to think, I didn’t know what I was supposed to do next.”

The Nebraska Medicine Cancer Survivorship Clinic is designed to help patients transition to their normal lives again. “We are here to listen, to develop a plan to meet each patient’s unique needs and help them communicate these needs to their primary care doctor,” says Rachael Schmidt, MSN, APRN, AOCNP, nurse practitioner at the clinic.

“After I met with Rachael, I had a wellness plan in place,” says Skovbo. “We went over everything — my treatment, risk factors, possible long-term side effects, lifestyle changes I needed to make, how to reduce my future risk and signs to watch for in case of a recurrence. It was just what I needed.”

Lullaby Signals New Arrivals

The soothing sounds of a lullaby now fill the halls of Nebraska Medical Center and Bellevue Medical Center each time a new baby enters the world, thanks to a partnership with award-winning Omaha composer Matthew Mayer.

A short selection from Mayer’s song, “Charlie’s Lullaby,” can be heard in the hospital cafeterias and common areas each time a baby is born.

“We love the comforting sound of ‘Charlie’s Lullaby,’” says Nebraska Medicine nurse manager Megan Armbrust. “Partnering with a talented artist who lives here in Omaha makes hearing that first lullaby an even more special experience for families. It’s truly local.”
**Are You Up to Date on Your Cancer Screenings?**

**Preventing disease before it begins is the best way to stay healthy. Start your year off right by scheduling these important cancer screenings.**

“Cancer screenings are the most effective tools we have for detecting cancer in its earliest stages, when it is most treatable,” says Julie Vose, MD, hematologist and medical oncologist. “Unfortunately, in many cases, cancer does not have symptoms until it has progressed to more advanced stages. Once cancer reaches more advanced stages, treatment is generally more complicated, you may have fewer options and treatment results may be less effective.”

Before this year gets away from you, review these cancer screening recommendations from the American Cancer Society to make sure you are up to date on your screenings. If you have questions, talk with your doctor. Your doctor may recommend getting screened earlier if you have a family history of certain cancers or other risk factors. More or less frequent screenings may also be recommended, depending on your medical history. For more details about cancer screenings, visit cancer.org.

➤ **Get it Scheduled!**

Your primary care doctor can help you determine when you should be screened. Make an appointment. Call us at 800.922.0000.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Screening Test</th>
<th>How Often</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Breast</td>
<td>Mammogram</td>
<td>Every year, beginning at age 45 until age 54, then every other year for women ages 55 and older. Some doctors recommend starting screenings at age 40. Discuss with your doctor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cervical</td>
<td>Pap test, HPV test</td>
<td>Women ages 21 to 65; frequency varies depending on age and risk.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorectal</td>
<td>Colonoscopy</td>
<td>Every 10 years, beginning at age 45 to 75; earlier or more frequently for high-risk individuals; ages 76 and older, discuss with your doctor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lung</td>
<td>Low-dose CT scan</td>
<td>Every year for current smokers ages 55 to 74 or for those who have quit smoking in the past 15 years and have a 30-pack history.*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prostate</td>
<td>Prostate-specific antigen (PSA) blood test</td>
<td>Men ages 50 and older should discuss the advantages and limitations of this test each year with their doctors. African-American men or other men at high risk should discuss with their doctors starting at age 45.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin</td>
<td>Clinical skin examination</td>
<td>Regularly, as part of a cancer-related checkup, beginning at age 20.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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* A 30-pack history is equivalent to a half pack a day for 60 years, one pack a day for 30 years or two packs a day for 15 years.
When Scott McCoig’s 65-year-old mother underwent six-way bypass surgery due to blockages of 85 percent or more to six of the major blood vessels to the heart, it opened his eyes to his own mortality. If family history played a role, he could be on the table next.

A visit to his doctor confirmed his concerns. His cholesterol was extremely high, and even more concerning, so was his LDL (low-density lipoprotein), the “bad” cholesterol.

“It was all kind of a shock,” says McCoig. “I had no idea.” Over the next five years, McCoig began a regimen of cholesterol-lowering medications, eating healthier and exercising more regularly. While his numbers did drop some, they remained at a level that put him at increased risk for coronary artery disease.

At age 40, McCoig found himself at the Nebraska Medicine Heart Disease Prevention Program, meeting with cardiologist Kiran Gangahar, MD, who specializes in cardiac disease prevention and the management of high cholesterol and lipids.

After a comprehensive evaluation and heart tests, Dr. Gangahar suspected McCoig had a familial form of high cholesterol called hypercholesterolemia. This condition, which occurs in about 1 in 250 people, is associated with a genetic abnormality that causes very high levels of LDL cholesterol of 190 or higher. McCoig’s was higher than 220. Normal is 100 and lower.

“People with this condition have high cholesterol beginning in childhood,” says Dr. Gangahar. “This allows damage to the arteries to begin early and occur over a longer period of time, putting them at high risk for heart and vascular disease very early in life. Our goal is to identify these patients as early as possible so we can begin treating them aggressively and stop or slow the damage to the arteries.”

To confirm his condition, McCoig underwent genetic testing, which identified one of the abnormal genes associated with hypercholesterolemia. “If the test is positive, we like to screen other family members as well since they are also at higher risk for carrying this gene,” says Dr. Gangahar. Since McCoig began taking a cholesterol-lowering statin and another cholesterol-lowering drug called ezetimibe, and made lifestyle modifications, his total cholesterol has dropped to 156 and his LDL to 93.

McCoig’s sister, Lorrie Robinson, is very happy she followed up. She, too, has been diagnosed with hypercholesterolemia and is managing her condition with a personalized prevention program developed by Dr. Gangahar. “I knew my cholesterol was high and that I needed to do something, but I hadn’t been able to get it down until I started seeing Dr. Gangahar,” says Robinson. She now plans to get her four children screened for the disease.

The goal of the Heart Disease Prevention Program is to identify these patients as early as possible so we can begin treating them aggressively and stop or slow the damage to the arteries. The focus is on prevention and early intervention to improve outcomes.

Dr. Kiran Gangahar, cardiologist, and patient Scott McCoig
Prevention Program is to arm at-risk patients with the right tools to halt the development of heart disease. “We develop a comprehensive program tailored to your lifestyle and your risk factors,” says Dr. Gangahar.

The clinic treats patients who already have heart or vascular disease, as well as those who believe they are at risk for a cardiac event. Anyone can come to the clinic for a complete cardiac risk evaluation, but those with a family history or other risk factors for heart disease are especially encouraged, notes Dr. Gangahar.

“We use the most advanced cardiac diagnostic tools to get the most accurate estimate of your overall risk for heart attack and stroke,” says Dr. Gangahar. This includes tests like calcium scoring, advanced lipid testing, vascular ultrasound, 24-hour blood pressure monitoring and stress tests. The calcium score is assessed through a noninvasive CT scan of the heart that can help in estimating your risk of developing coronary artery disease by measuring the amount of calcified plaque in the coronary arteries. The program also offers genetic testing and genetic counseling for a select group of patients.

“These tests allow us to develop the most effective plan to lower your risk,” says Dr. Gangahar. “We look at your overall lifestyle and then develop a plan to help you make the changes needed to prevent a future heart attack or stroke. Heart disease is a condition that can develop anytime over the course of your lifetime, and we are here to empower you to take control of your health.”

Stop the Development of Heart Disease
For a comprehensive evaluation of your risk factors and a personalized plan to prevent the development of heart disease, please call the Heart Disease Prevention Program at 800.922.0000.
Jason Holoubek was sick of being sick and tired. At 41 years old, he was 330 pounds, and it was taking its toll. His reflux had become increasingly bothersome, sleep apnea was preventing him from getting a good night’s sleep, and his knees hurt so badly he had maxed out on arthritis medications and cortisone shots. He could no longer mow the lawn, play catch with his kids or do many of the things most people take for granted.

But that was just the beginning. When he went to his doctor to discuss a weight-loss plan, he was hit with a barrage of more bad news. His blood sugar was out of control, his blood pressure was borderline high and if he didn’t do something about his weight, he’d need knee replacements soon.

It was the wake-up call he needed. “I knew it was time to get things figured out if I wanted to have any quality of life,” says Holoubek. “I needed to close the door on my unhealthy habits.”

Liz Fudge was facing some tough decisions as well. At 315 pounds, Fudge found the tasks of daily life challenging. Keeping up with her 3-year-old daughter, Darie, was nearly impossible. One day when she was playing with Darie and had to sit down to rest, Darie gave her a big hug and commented, “Look, Mommy, I can’t fit my arms around you.” The words stung. They hung with Fudge for days. Her weight was preventing her from being the mother she wanted to be. While she knew she needed to do something, weight-loss plans had never worked for her.

Holoubek and Fudge both sought the help of the experts at the Nebraska Medicine Bariatrics Center. Holoubek met with Nebraska Medicine endocrinologist Namita Gupta, MD, and started with a medically managed weight-loss program. After six months, he had shed more than 50 pounds and gotten his diabetes to a manageable level.

But Holoubek’s battle was not over yet. “I needed to lose another 70 pounds or more,” he says. “I was still having issues with my knees and reflux, and I was concerned I would gain it all back.”

That’s when Holoubek decided to try weight-loss surgery. “If done at an early stage of the disease, bariatric surgery can cure patients of diabetes, and it can be just the tool they need to help them lose that extra weight and keep it off,” says Dr. Gupta.

“The staff at the Bariatrics Center put me in a position to succeed,” Holoubek says. “I knew that I had to be committed to some major lifestyle changes even after surgery, and I was ready. I wanted my quality of life back.”

Holoubek lost another 70 pounds after surgery and is completely off diabetes medications. “The success of the surgery depends on the after — staying committed to a healthy lifestyle and making good choices,” he says. “I’ve conquered a lot of demons in the last year. I no longer have diabetes, my blood pressure is normal, I’m off my reflux and arthritis meds, my sleep apnea has gone away, I don’t need cortisone shots in my knees anymore, I’ve stopped drinking, I’m eating healthy and I’m exercising regularly.”

But the best part of all, says Holoubek, is that he can do normal things with his boys again, like playing basketball, backyard baseball and football.

“The whole team at the Bariatrics Center has transformed my life forevermore. I am humbled and honored by everything they have done for me.”

– Liz Fudge
While Fudge's journey started a little differently, the results have been just as extraordinary. After meeting with Nebraska Medicine bariatric surgeon Vishal Kothari, MD, the two decided bariatric surgery was the best option for her. Fudge was committed. She lost 10 pounds before surgery, and within a year she had lost another 100 pounds and is working on dropping 20 more. “I’ve never felt so good for years,” says Fudge, smiling from cheek to cheek. “I bought a bathing suit for the first time in 25 years. The whole team at the Bariatrics Center has transformed my life forevermore. I am humbled and honored by everything they have done for me.”

“I couldn’t have done it without Dr. Gupta and the rest of the Bariatrics Center staff,” agrees Holoubek. “Everything was seamless. They kept me on track, explained everything to me, and made me accountable with regular appointments and a monthly support group.”

The Bariatrics Center is designed and directed by doctors who are fellowship-trained in medical weight management and bariatric surgery and are supported by a multidisciplinary team of specialists. The program offers medical weight loss, bariatric surgery and a meal-replacement plan.

“At the Bariatrics Center, we have many tools to help patients lose weight,” says Dr. Gupta. “But we are looking beyond weight loss. We work with each patient to help them select the tool that is not only going to help them lose weight, but improve their health and quality of life.”

“A lot of doors have been opened to me,” says Holoubek. “It’s like I’m living a different life.”

Need Help with Weight Loss?

To learn more about the Bariatrics Center or to make an appointment, call us at 800.559.9500 or visit NebraskaMed.com/Weight-loss.
When people think of charitable giving, they often think it’s something that needs to be done in large sums and therefore is only for millionaires.

But with a little planning, charitable giving is something that can fit into most everyone’s budget, and it doesn’t have to break your bank account.

“Every little bit makes a difference and is truly valued,” says Lisa Anibal, director of the Nebraska Medicine philanthropic programs at the University of Nebraska Foundation. “When you pool all gifts together, it can do big things, like fund promising research, improve a patient’s experience or fund new equipment.”

Giving can provide personal benefits as well. “We have many patients and families who give because they find it helps them with the healing process; some find it gives them an opportunity to help future patients; still others give as a way to express their thanks and gratitude for their care,” says Anibal.

And people who are able to give back experience a great sense of satisfaction, Anibal says. According to a study cited in the book *Happy Money: The Science of Happier Spending*, individuals who spent $5 on someone else reported being happier than those who spent $20 on themselves.

Gifts benefiting Nebraska Medicine can be made in many amounts and forms — cash, check, credit card or planned giving through your estate, commercial, residential or agricultural holdings. A gift also can be made in memory of or to honor a family member, friend or caregiver.

What if you really want to give, but you feel strapped for cash? Anibal suggests you sit down at the beginning of the year and decide how much you can afford to give based on your budget. Then make a monthly pledge. Many donors set up a monthly recurring gift on their credit cards or through payroll deduction. “When you do it this way, it is spread out throughout the course of the year, and most likely, you won’t even notice the difference,” says Anibal.

Charitable giving can also provide tax benefits. Tax reform at the end of 2017 increased the limitation for the deductibility of cash contributions as a percentage of taxable income. Gifts of appreciated assets, like stocks or real estate, continue to provide a “double dip” for a donor by allowing a charitable tax deduction and avoiding tax on any capital gains that would have been realized if the assets were sold. If you are considering a gift of appreciated assets, be sure to talk with your financial adviser.

When you give to Nebraska Medicine, you can designate your gift to a specific area or an existing fund. Gifts can go into a general fund called the Nebraska Medicine Excellence Fund, which allows the funds to be used for areas of greatest need. Other existing funds include the Patient Assistance Fund, Child Life Program and Transplant Fund. The Patient Assistance Fund helps those who need assistance with everyday needs, such as lodging, meals, gas and transportation. The Child Life Program helps families understand the health care environment and develop age-appropriate ways to cope. Donations to the Transplant Fund can be designated toward a specific organ and are used to help support patients and families undergoing transplants at Nebraska Medical Center.

“No matter what you give, private support can help patients, families, clinicians, researchers, students and educators here at Nebraska Medicine for years to come,” says Anibal. “You will be helping all of those who work at Nebraska Medicine in their effort to provide serious medicine and extraordinary care.”

❯❯ You can make a difference. Learn more at NebraskaMed.com/Giving.
**Should I be concerned about pain in my legs?**

**Jonathan Thompson, MD, vascular surgeon**

Peripheral artery disease (PAD) is a fairly common condition among older adults that is often underrecognized and undertreated. PAD is a circulatory problem in which the arteries become narrowed, which reduces blood flow to your extremities — usually the legs. PAD affects approximately 5 percent of adults ages 50 and older, and 15 to 20 percent of adults ages 70 and older. Early symptoms include cramping, pain and tiredness in the legs when walking and relief at rest. The problem is that many people ignore the symptoms until the disease has progressed. As the disease advances, you may experience pain when walking very short distances and at rest. You may also develop wounds in the toes and feet that do not heal. Our goal is to diagnose the disease and implement treatment before it becomes advanced. Treatment includes smoking cessation, antiplatelet and cholesterol-lowering medications, regular exercise and drugs that relax the arteries. We also offer several minimally invasive and open surgical techniques that allow us to clean out the plaque and open the blood vessels. If you are experiencing leg pain with activity, don’t dismiss it.

❯❯ To schedule an appointment with one of our vascular specialists, call 800.922.0000.

**Is epilepsy something you are born with?**

**Arun Swaminathan, MD, epilepsy specialist**

Estimated to occur in as many as 20,000 people in Nebraska alone, epilepsy is associated with recurrent, unprovoked seizures (temporary, abnormal changes in brain electrical function) that affect awareness, movement or sensation.

Epilepsy can cause a wide range of symptoms, including recurrent episodes in which patients involuntarily scream, laugh inappropriately, fall to the ground in convulsions, or lapse into an unconscious stare or state of confusion.

Epilepsy occurs commonly in two groups: young children born with the disorder, and adults who develop it due to degenerative diseases or trauma. We also know that it is often related to prior medical episodes like stroke, traumatic brain injury, severe concussions, brain tumors, infections of the brain and, in many cases, genetics. Today, most people with epilepsy can live normal lives with the right diagnosis and treatment. If you have epilepsy and continue to experience seizures despite treatment, get a second opinion to ensure you have been diagnosed properly and are receiving the right medications. If you are not responding to medications, you may be a candidate for epilepsy surgery.

❯❯ To schedule an appointment with an epilepsy specialist, call 800.922.0000.

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**Katie Freeman, MD, orthopaedic surgeon**

At a very early age, Katie Freeman, MD, orthopaedic surgeon, had a passion for sports that went beyond the playing field. When she wasn’t playing basketball or soccer in her hometown of Urbandale, Iowa, she was often in the athletic training room, where she worked as a student athletic trainer, taping ankles, icing knees, and helping injured athletes recover and rehabilitate.

Her interest in sports medicine, coupled with her attraction to the sciences, drew her toward the medical field. After shadowing an orthopaedic surgeon during high school, she knew this was what she wanted to do.

Freeman attended medical school at the University of Iowa Carver College of Medicine in Iowa City, followed by six years of training, including an orthopaedic surgery residency at the University of Missouri in Columbia and a fellowship in orthopaedic sports medicine at the Fairview/Minnesota Orthopaedic Sports Medicine Institute in Minneapolis.

When the position at Nebraska Medicine became available, Freeman saw it as the perfect opportunity to remain in the Midwest. “The position at Bellevue Medical Center is the right fit for me,” she says. “Orthopaedics, specifically sports medicine, is really growing in this community, and I’m excited to help pioneer the Nebraska Medicine Sports Medicine Program at Bellevue.”

Freeman says she likes to get to know her patients, their personal interests and goals, and treat and rehabilitate them so that they can get back to doing activities they enjoy.

Dr. Freeman will provide specialty care for patients with athletic injuries, as well as some general orthopaedics, including fracture care. She has expertise in arthroscopic surgery of the shoulder, hip, knee and ankle, with a special interest in complex knee surgery and foot and ankle surgery.

❯❯ To schedule an appointment with an orthopaedic surgeon in Bellevue, call 800.922.0000.
With the start of a new year, many of us resolve to make our health a priority. Bellevue Medical Center family practitioner, Toby Free, MD, provides these tips to help you get your health on track.

**Schedule an annual exam.**
“Scheduling an appointment with your doctor is a great way to start the new year on a healthy note,” says Dr. Free. An annual exam allows your provider to make sure you are getting the proper screenings and immunizations, and to stay on top of primary disease prevention by monitoring blood pressure, cholesterol and blood sugar levels. By monitoring these levels regularly, your doctor can identify disease processes early and help you employ early-intervention techniques to prevent them from becoming major health issues later.

**Take control of your diet.**
“I can’t stress enough the impact your diet has on your overall health and well-being,” says Dr. Free. “A healthy weight will reduce your risk of many chronic diseases, like heart disease, diabetes, arthritis and cancer; help with sleep, and reduce stress on your joints.”

Instead of looking for the latest and greatest weight-loss plans, Dr. Free recommends eating a well-balanced diet with a focus on total calorie intake. “There are so many tools and apps that help you track how much you’re eating and burning,” says Dr. Free. “Take advantage of them. They can make a profound difference. It’s like financial budgeting. The first few months, you keep track of everything, and after a while, it becomes second nature. It’s the same for eating and exercising.”

**Free yourself of destructive habits.**
Statistics show that 7 out of 10 hospitalizations are directly related to actively destructive habits like smoking, alcohol consumption and overeating, says Dr. Free.

Free 2019 the year you actively begin making good choices when it comes to your health and well-being. “Not only will you start feeling better, but you’ll be around longer for your family and loved ones,” says Dr. Free.

**Get your z’s.**
Like your diet, sleep can impact many other aspects of your life. Try to get at least seven hours a night. Sleep can help your body heal from injury and illness, and can contribute to improved memory, alertness and mood. Chronic sleep loss, on the other hand, may not only worsen age-related conditions such as diabetes, hypertension and memory loss but can increase stress, reduce productivity and contribute to weight gain.

**Make a commitment to exercise.**
Find something you like and schedule it into your daily calendar. Use an app to help you track how many calories you are burning. Find someone to exercise with you to help you stay accountable and on task. When Dr. Free began having difficulty finding time for daily exercise, he started riding his bike to work to ensure he got his daily dose. “Shoot for at least two-and-a-half hours a week, and get your heart rate up to 100 or more,” he says.

Start the New Year with a Healthy, Happy You

**Start Your Year Right!**
Schedule an appointment with a Bellevue primary care doctor. Call 800.922.0000.